ABSTRACT OF DISCLOSURE

A method and an apparatus to write and inspect servo information on a disc drive and minimize an effect on servo information written in adjacent tracks caused by a gap erase field, and write servo information on the disc drive and perform servo information inspection and defect processing. The method includes sequentially writing servo information toward a track having skew '0' at from outer surface in an outer region of the disc, and sequentially writing the servo information toward the track having skew '0' from an inner surface in an inner region, and after writing of the servo information is completed, inspecting the servo information written in a track at a predetermined distance from the track having skew '0', and determining whether the servo information is correctly written.